SECTION 32 90 00
PLANTING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Plant stock
B. Topsoil
C. Compost and soil conditioners
D. Integrated Pest Management (IPM)
E. Top dressing
F. Backfill
G. Tree stakes and ties
H. Root barriers
I. Watering holes
J. Recycled cardboard sheet mulch
K. Decomposed granite
L. Source quality control
M. Soil analysis report
N. Coordination
O. Excavation and backfill
P. Rough grading
Q. Soil preparation
R. Recycled cardboard sheet mulch application
S. Finish grading
T. Planting of trees and shrubs
U. Decomposed granite placement
V. Drainage test and auger holes
W. Cleanup
X. Preliminary to final inspection
Y. Final inspection and acceptance
Z. Maintenance and plant establishment

1.02 RELATED SECTIONS
A. Slope protection and hydro seeding are specified in Section 31 35 00, Slope Protection.
B. Landscape irrigation is specified in Section 32 84 00, Planting Irrigation.

1.03 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT
A. Measurement: Landscape planting including excavation, backfilling, and topsoil, will be measured for payment by the lump-sum method, acceptably performed and completed.
B. Payment: Landscape planting, including excavation, backfilling, and topsoil, will be paid for at the Contract lump-sum price, as indicated in the Bid Schedule of the Bid Form.

1.04 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION
A. Soil used within landscaped areas shall be a friable condition at time of displacement including during transportation, placement, cultivation, and planting.
B. Friable in these specifications refers to the structure and moisture content of soil. Friable soil shall be understood to mean soil that crumbles easily in the hand, does not stick to the hand, and does not form a ball when squeezed. Friable soil is not wet or muddy but is moist and damp. Obtain Engineer’s determination of soil condition acceptability prior to installation and working of soils.
C. Soil in landscape areas that is worked when not friable shall be removed at the Contractor’s expense and replaced with friable imported topsoil complying with the specifications for topsoil herein.

1.05 SUBMITTALS
A. General: Refer to Section 01 33 00, Submittal Procedures; and Section 01 33 23, Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples, for submittal requirements and procedures.
B. Soil Analysis Report: Submit a soil analysis report of the proposed topsoil from a California-licensed soil-testing laboratory. The Soil Analysis Report shall include the requirements specified in Article 2.15 herein. Amendment and conditioners will not
be incorporated, and import topsoil (if needed) shall not be incorporated in the landscape planting work until the Engineer has approved the Soil Analysis Report.

C. Product Data: Submit manufacturer’s product data for the following items:

1. Root barrier.
2. Tree stakes and ties.
3. Decomposed granite stabilizer.

D. Integrated Pest Management (IPM) Strategy: Submit IPM strategy proposed for use in the landscape planting work to control weeds, pests, and plant diseases.

E. Samples: Submit three samples and manufacturer’s guaranteed analysis of the following items:

1. Imported topsoil, (if needed), including source of topsoil;
2. Green compost organic amendment, and soil conditioners;
3. Top dressing;
4. Root barrier; and
5. Recycled cardboard sheet mulch.

F. Plant Substitutions: Plant substitutions will not be permitted unless the Contractor furnishes the Engineer with written evidence from no less than three nurseries that the plants specified are not obtainable. Such evidence shall be submitted within 30 calendar Days after the effective date of the Notice to Proceed.

G. Submit manufacturer’s data sheets for proposed products to be used in work. Indicate specific items and product numbers.

H. Unless indicated as DFM, Contractor shall furnish plant material indicated on Contract Drawings. Substitutions due to unavailability shall be requested in writing prior to confirmation of ordering.

1. Submit within 30 Days after award of Contract and prior to any start of work:
   a. Documentation listing required plant material by size, source, and quantity. Sort list by construction zone sequence if applicable.
   b. 4 by 6 inch photos representative of each tree, shrub, vine, and ground cover species being Contractor-furnished. Clearly label each photo with nursery source, plant name, container size and general width, height, and caliper of plant.
   c. Proposed schedule and sequence of work plan for planting operations, with start dates and completion dates for planting trees, shrubs, and groundcover.
d. List of proposed equipment to be used for tree planting and plan for plant storage onsite.

1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Reference Standards: Comply with applicable provisions of the following:


5. Pruning procedures: ANSI A300 Pruning Standard,” International Society of Arboriculture, Champaign, IL.

6. California Department of Transportation (Caltrans), Standard Specifications.

B. Installer’s Qualifications: Installer shall be a specialist in installing and planting landscape products, with documented experience in performing landscape work of comparable size, scope, and quality.

C. Supervision: Provide the services of at least one qualified person who shall be present at all times during execution of the work of this Section. That individual, who shall direct the work, shall be thoroughly familiar with the types of materials being installed and the proper methods for their installation.

D. Engineer’s Observance:

1. It is required that the work specified herein be observed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall request observance at least 24 hours in advance of the time such observance is required. Observance is required on the following portions of the work:

   a. During preliminary grading and soil preparation;
   b. When finish grading has been completed, and before installation of plants; and
   c. When shrubs and trees are spotted for planting, before planting holes are excavated;
   d. When planting and other work has been completed.

2. The Contractor shall require the supervisor of the landscape planting work to be on the site at the time of each such observance.
1.07 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. General: Refer to Section 01 60 00, Product Requirements, for requirements.

B. Delivery:

1. Deliver compost and soil conditioner to the site along with originator’s guarantied chemical analysis, weight, originator's name, trademark, and conformance with state law.

2. Deliver plant materials to the jobsite no earlier than three calendar Days prior to planting. Deliver plants with legible identification labels, as follows:
   a. Label trees, evergreens, bundles, or containers of like species or ground cover plants.
   b. State correct plant name and size indicated on the plant list.

3. Protect plant material during delivery to prevent damage to root ball or desiccation of leaves.

4. Transport plants in enclosed trucks. If trees are too large for enclosed trucks and are transported in open trucks, trees shall be wrapped to prevent damage and windburn. Adequate protection shall be placed between trees so that trunks are not scarred in transport and branches are not broken. Tree trunks shall be wrapped with protective covering prior to handling and loading. Covering shall be removed at the time of plant materials inspection at the job site.

5. Notify the Engineer in advance of delivery of plant materials, and submit an itemized list of the plants in each delivery.

C. Handling: Exercise care in handling, loading, unloading, and storing of plant materials. Plant materials damaged in any way shall be discarded and replaced with undamaged materials.

D. Storage:

1. Protect plant materials from wind, excessive sun, and drying out.

2. Calcium Carbonate (lime) shall not be stored with any other landscape material. Herbicides and pesticides shall not be used or stored on BART property.

1.08 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Planting shall not be performed during weather conditions that may adversely affect landscape materials, plants, and planting conditions.

1.09 SITE CONDITIONS AND SCHEDULING

A. Landscape work shall not begin until structures, utilities, paving, and other improvements, which require access to or through planting areas, have been
installed and accepted by the Engineer. Planting work shall not begin until the landscape irrigation system is installed in place, tested, and accepted by the Engineer.

1.10 PLANT ESTABLISHMENT PERIOD

A. The Plant Establishment Period shall be Type 1, as defined in the Caltrans Standard Specifications, Section 20, “Plant Establishment Work”, except that it shall be for a period of 120 calendar Days following the Engineer’s written acceptance of the work.

B. Upon completion of all planting and clean-up operations, notify the Engineer, in writing, a minimum of three Days in advance, to request a final inspection. The Plant Establishment Period may begin only after the Engineer has given written acceptance of the landscape irrigation system installation.

C. Calendar days during which no work will be required, as determined by the Engineer, will be credited as plant establishment calendar days, regardless of whether or not the plant establishment work has been performed.

D. Calendar days when the plant establishment work has not been adequately performed, including watering plants, replacing unsuitable plants, repairing erosion damage, and performing weed, rodent, and other pest control as determined necessary by the Engineer, will not be credited as plant establishment calendar days.

E. Upon completion of the Plant Establishment Period, submit a written request for inspections by the Engineer as specified in Articles 3.11, 3.12 and 3.13 herein.

1.11 GUARANTY

A. Refer to the General Conditions Article GC4.9, Guaranty of Work, for Contract requirements.

B. Guaranty that trees, shrubs, groundcovers, and other plant materials will take root and grow vigorously within one year after final acceptance of plantings, when such plants have received normal care and maintenance.

C. The guaranty shall include replacement of trees and other plant materials that die back and lose the form and size as originally specified, even though they may have taken root and are growing after the die-back.

D. Corrective work for the purposes of General Conditions Article GC4.9.2, shall include removal and replacement of all guarantied plant materials which, for any reason, fail to meet the requirements of the guaranty. Replacements shall meet the same requirements as specified for the original materials. Replacements shall carry the same guaranty period that shall start from the time the replacements are planted and accepted.
PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.01 PLANT STOCK

A. Plant stock and materials are indicated in the Planting List or Schedule on the Contract Drawings. Provide trees and plants of the varieties, sizes, and quantities indicated. Provide nursery-grown stock only, which is free from insect pests and diseases.

B. Plants shall comply with Federal and State laws requiring inspection for plant diseases and infestations. Inspection certificates required by law shall accompany each shipment of plants, and the certificates shall be delivered to the Engineer. Plants shall be true to species, varieties, and the sizes indicated, and shall be labeled in accordance with the recommended practice of the American Association of Nurserymen.

C. Label trees and bundles, containers or flats of the same shrub, ground cover and vine with durable waterproof labels and weather resistant ink. Labels shall state the correct plant name and size as specified in the Plant List on the Contract Drawings, and shall be legible for 60 Days after delivery to the planting site. Plant material that is not labeled will be rejected.

D. Plants shall be healthy, shapely, and well-rooted. Roots shall show no evidence of having been root bound, restricted, or deformed. Plant material that has just been upgraded in container size will be rejected. Root condition of plants in containers will be inspected by the Engineer by removal of earth from the roots of not less than two plants of each species or variety from each source. Plant materials requiring inspection by the Engineer shall be assembled and available for such inspections. If the sample plants inspected are found to be defective, the Engineer reserves the right to reject the entire lot or lots of plants represented by the defective samples.

E. Trees shall have straight trunks with the leader intact, undamaged, and uncut. Old abrasions and cuts shall be completely calloused over. Trees shall be measured when their branches are in their normal position. The height of a tree shall be measured from root crown to top of plant. The width of a tree shall be measured at branching at the widest point. Sizes shown on the Contract Drawings are before pruning. Trees shall not be pruned prior to delivery except upon approval of the Engineer.

F. Trees shall be well tapered in the trunk so that when the nursery stake is removed, the tree supports itself upright without further staking. Trees shall have a main leader. The main branches shall be spaced vertically and alternately along the trunk. Branching shall not be concentrated in one location and there shall be no severe crossing of branches. Branches shall be smaller in diameter than the trunk. Branch attachments shall be free of embedded bark. Branching along the lower two-thirds of the trunk shall have at least one half of the foliage of the tree.

G. Rejected plant materials shall be removed from the site and replaced with materials that conform to specified requirements.
H. Plant material shall be grown under similar climatic conditions to those found at the project site.

I. Ground cover and vines shall be rooted plants, grown in flats unless indicated otherwise on the Contract Drawings, or as approved by the Engineer.

2.02 TOPSOIL

A. Topsoil: consist of friable surface soil free of grass, roots, weeds, sticks, stones, and other foreign materials.

1. The topsoil shall consist of sandy loam, with soil particles within the following percentages by weight:
   a. Clay: 0 to 25
   b. Silt: 25 to 50
   c. Sand: 50 to 70
   d. Decomposed organic matter: 5 to 10

2. Soil acidity range: between pH range of 5.5 to 7.

3. Soil salinity: not exceed 3 millimhos per centimeter at 25 degrees Celsius.

4. Soil shall be free of stones 1 inch (25 mm) or larger in any dimension, and other extraneous materials harmful to plant growth.

5. Topsoil Source: Reuse surface soil stockpiled on the Jobsite. Verify suitability of surface soil to produce topsoil meeting requirements and amend when necessary. Supplement with imported topsoil when quantities are insufficient. Clean topsoil of roots, plants, sods, stones, clay lumps, and other extraneous materials harmful to plant growth. Import topsoil from off-site sources. Obtain topsoil from naturally well-drained sites where topsoil occurs at least 4 inches (100 mm) deep; do not obtain from bogs or marshes. Amend existing surface soil to produce topsoil. Supplement with imported topsoil when required.

B. Imported Soil:

1. Testing laboratory shall follow standards set forth in the USDA Agricultural Suitability Test in accordance with Handbook-60 and the University of California Soil Fertility Test for Soils Analysis.

2. Source and location to be approved by Engineer. Contractor shall submit soils report for Engineer’s approval.

3. Soil shall meet the following requirements:
   a. General: Free of roots, clods, and stones larger than 1 inch in the greatest dimension, pockets of course sand, noxious weeds, sticks, brush, and other litter. It shall not be infested with nematodes or other undesirable disease
organisms such as insects and plant pathogens. Soil shall be friable and have sufficient structure in order to give good tilth and aeration to the soil. Total pore space content on a volume/volume basis shall be at least 15 percent when moisture is present at field capacity. Soil shall have a field capacity of at least 15 percent by weight.

b. Gradation: Soil shall be a sandy loam, or loam, and similar to the native site soil. The definition of soil texture shall be in accordance with USDA classification scheme. Obtain Engineer’s approval prior to grading operations.

c. Permeability: Hydraulic conductivity rate shall be not less than 1 in. per hour or more than 20 in. per hour when tested in accordance with USDA Handbook No. 60, Method 34b or other Engineer-approved methods.

d. Acidity: Soil pH range measured in the saturation extract (USDA Handbook No. 60, Method 21a) shall be 6.0 to 7.9.

e. Salinity: 0.5 to 2.0 dS/m as measured in the saturation extract (USDA Handbook No. 60 Method 3a). If calcium ions and sulfate ions both exceed 20 milliequivalents per liter in the saturation extract, the maximum shall be 4.0 dS/m.

f. Chloride: Maximum concentration of soluble chloride in the saturation extract (USDA Handbook No. 60, Method 3a) shall be 150 mg/l (parts per million).

g. Boron: Maximum concentration of soluble boron in the saturation extract (USDA Handbook No. 60, Method 3a) shall be 1 mg/l (parts per million).

h. Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR): Maximum SAR shall be 6 measured in accordance with USDA Handbook No. 60 Method 20b.

i. Organic Matter Content: Sufficient soil organic matter shall be present to impart good physical soil properties, but not be excessive to cause toxicity or cause excessive reduction in the volume of soil due to decomposition of organic matter. Calcium carbonate (limestone) shall not be present.

j. Heavy metals: Maximum permissible elemental concentration in soil shall not exceed the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Metal</th>
<th>Parts per million (mg/kg)¹</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Arsenic</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cadmium</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chromium</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cobalt</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercury</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nickel</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selenium</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silver</td>
<td>0.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vanadium</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Ammonium bicarbonate/DTPA Extractable, dry weight basis.
k. Fertility: Range of essential elemental concentration in soil shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Element</th>
<th>Low²</th>
<th>High³</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Phosphorus</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Potassium</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>220</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Iron</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manganese</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zinc</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>8</td>
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<td>Copper</td>
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<tr>
<td>Magnesium</td>
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<td>150</td>
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<td>Sodium</td>
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<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sulfur</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molybdenum</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

l. Phytotoxic constituents, herbicides, hydrocarbons, and similar materials: Germination and growth of plants shall not be restricted more than 10 percent compared to standard controls. Standard controls shall be both monocots and dicots. Total petroleum hydrocarbons shall not exceed 100 mg/kg dry soil measured in accordance with modified EPA Method No. 8015. Total aromatic volatile organic hydrocarbons (e.g. benzene, toluene, zylene, and ethylbenzene) shall not exceed 2 mg/kg dry soil measured in accordance with EPA Method No. 8020.

4. Import Soil Testing:

a. Import soils for planting areas shall meet specified requirements and be pre-approved by Engineer based on soil test results.

b. Provide chemical analysis report and written recommendation for each sample tested by the Engineer’s approved soils testing laboratory.

c. In the event that the initial proposed import soil is found unsuitable, additional sources shall be found and tested at Contractor’s expense.

2.03 COMPOST AND SOIL CONDITIONERS

A. Amount of Compost and Soil Conditioner shall be based on soil analysis.

B. Compost:

1. pH: 5.5 to 7.5 as determined in the saturated paste and max three ppm soluble boron in the saturation extract.

² Ammonium bicarbonate/DTPA Extractable, parts per million (mg/kg), dry weight basis.
³ Ammonium bicarbonate/DTPA Extractable, parts per million (mg/kg), dry weight basis. If soil is between 6 and 7, maximum permissible elemental concentration shall be reduced 50 percent. If soil pH is less than 6.0, maximum permissible elemental concentration shall be reduced 75 percent.
2. Types of acceptable products are composts, manures, mushroom composts, straw, alfalfa, peat moss, etc. Organic products shall be low in salts and heavy metals and free from weed seeds, pathogens, and other deleterious materials.

3. Composted wood products are conditionally acceptable if a substantial amount of stable humus is present. Composted wood based products are not acceptable which are based on redwood or cedar.

4. Sludge-based materials are not acceptable.

5. The compost shall be aerobic without malodorous presence of decomposition products.

6. Humus material with an ash content of not less than eight percent and not more than 50 percent.

7. Boron content of the saturated extract shall be less than 1.0 parts per million.

8. Silicon content (acid-insoluble ash) shall be less than 20 percent.

9. Calcium carbonate shall not be present.

C. Calcium Carbonate: minimum 95 percent lime as derived from oyster shells. 100 percent passing a No. 60 sieve.

D. Sand: Washed, No. 16 granite.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sieve No. (US Standard)</th>
<th>Percent Dry Weight Passing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>65 to 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>0 to 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>0 to 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>0 to 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

E. Pine Bark: Green or slightly aged (not composted), 1/4 to 1/2 in size.

F. Perlite: Coarse or No. 2 perlite, free of weeds and impurities.

2.04 FERTILIZER
A. Fertilizer shall not be used except as recommended by the soil test results.

2.05 INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT (IPM)
A. Monitor landscape areas to identify presence of beneficial insects and pests, determine populations, life stage, and degree of damage to plants. Key pests will be monitored closely during normal periods of pest activity. This information will be the basis on which pest control methods are initiated. Records of monitoring activity shall be kept.
B. Control pests without harming non-target organisms, or negatively affecting air and water quality and public health. Acceptable controls are as follows:

1. Pruning to remove infected or infested branches and shoots. Time pruning to avoid periods of insect infestation. For example, prune pines and eucalyptus in the winter (December-February) when bark beetles and borers are inactive.

2. Removing fallen twigs, leaves, and fruit that contain disease inoculum.

3. Top dressing soil surface to reduce weeds and to reduce splashing from drops of mud that would protect spores deposited on plant surfaces.

4. Trapping insects using stick surfaces. Mechanical traps can be used to control rodents.

5. Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt).

6. Parasitic nematodes.

7. Pheromone traps.


C. Weed management shall employ cultural/mechanical/physical methods.

1. Monitor planting areas frequently to identify and eradicate weeds early in the growth stage prior to their setting seed.

2. Cut or pull weeds using hand operated equipment where possible.

3. Mow large areas to reduce weed growth, and eliminate species that are not tolerant of mowing. Mowing is especially effective when done prior to seed set. Mowing also reduces fire hazard in open spaces.

4. Goats may be used to manage weed growth, where appropriate. Goats must be well managed and plants fenced to avoid damage to non-target plants.

5. Top dress shall be maintained at all times over soil surface that is not covered by vegetation.

6. Sheet mulching, a layered system of non-plastic weed barrier (recycled cardboard sheet mulch) overlain by compost and top dressing, shall be employed where possible.

7. Propane-fueled flamers may be used in winter and spring with required permits and approval by the Fire Marshall to kill early-season, non-grass weeds by heating the cells until they burst.
2.06 TOP DRESSING
A. Provide top dressing of one to two-inch medium-sized redwood bark. Top dressing shall include no wood pieces.

2.07 BACKFILL
A. Backfill material for planting holes shall be topsoil or excavated soil that complies with topsoil specifications herein.

2.08 TREE STAKES AND TIES
A. Tree Stakes: three-inch diameter by 10 feet, straight, close-grained, lodge pole pine, pointed at one end.
B. Tree ties: Cored rubber tire strips – one-inch-wide by one-fourth inch to one half inch thick by length as required. Strips shall not contain steel within or have wire tie ends.
C. Tree stakes in tree wells with tree grate: Metal tree stake with integral tree ties that bolt to the tree grate. Number of stakes and securing of tree grates shall be per metal tree stake and tree grate manufacturer’s recommendations. A tree guard and tree ties may be used instead of metal tree stakes. Tree ties shall be per above.

2.09 ROOT BARRIERS
A. Provide commercially available manufactured root barriers, consisting of polyvinyl chloride or polypropylene sheeting having ultraviolet inhibitors and a minimum thickness of 0.085 inch. Barriers shall be either factory preformed into the circular shape shown, or have an integrated joining system for instant assembly into the final shape. Glued joints will not be acceptable.
B. Root barrier sheeting shall have horizontal tabs to prevent root growth from lifting the barrier. These tabs shall be spaced vertically not less than eight inches on centers, and horizontally not less than eight inches on centers. Depth of these tabs shall be not less than three-eighths inch at its widest point.
C. Root barrier sheeting shall have vertical fins running the full length on the inside face of the barrier at 90 degrees to the inside face, to direct root growth downwards. These fins shall be not less than six inches on centers, and its width shall be not less than one half inch.
D. Sheeting shall have continuously reinforced top no less than three-eighths inch wide.

2.10 WATERING HOLES
A. Provide schedule 40 polyvinyl-chloride (PVC) pipe as indicated for watering holes.
2.11 RECYCLED CARDBOARD SHEET MULCH
A. Recycled cardboard sheet mulch shall be 100 percent recycled B flute cardboard supplied in minimum 50 feet by 36 inch rolls.

2.12 DECOMPOSED GRANITE
A. Decomposed granite shall be crushed granite rock screenings, graded from one-fourth inch particles to dust, with uniform tan or buff color. Decomposed granite shall conform with the following aggregate gradation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sieve Size</th>
<th>Percent Passing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No. 4</td>
<td>95-100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 30</td>
<td>30-50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 200</td>
<td>5-15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. Binder/Stabilizer shall be commercial-grade, polymer based, water resistant (once cured), non-toxic, low VOC (less than or equal to 5 g/l), and clear in color. Submit product data for approval per Section 1.05C herein.

C. Weed barrier shall be a non-woven polyester (PET) landscape fabric that is high strength; non-biodegradable; and rot, mildew, and ultra-violet light resistant. Minimum weight per square yard shall be 2.0 ounces, minimum thickness shall be 13 mils, grab tensile strength shall be a minimum of 60.7 by 60.7 pounds. Carthage Mills LX-SB Spunbond or equal.

2.13 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL
A. The Engineer will inspect the source of supply (landscape nursery) of the proposed plant materials prior to shipment to the site. Refer to the General Conditions, Article GC6.5, for requirements.

B. Plant materials shall be properly labeled as herein before specified, before the Engineer’s inspection of proposed plant materials. Plant materials which do not conform with specified requirements will be rejected, and shall be replaced with Engineer-approved plants.

C. Notify the Engineer at least ten Days before shipment of any plant materials from the source of supply.

2.14 SOIL ANALYSIS REPORT
A. Provide a ‘Bay Friendly’ soil test that emphasizes the use of green waste organic compost that includes the following requirements:


3. Particle Size/Appraisal: pH, salinity, organic percent, USDA Particle size.


5. Tendency towards compaction.

B. The Soil Analysis Report shall include a statement that the laboratory has reviewed the planting plan and the planting specifications, and that its recommendations respond to the specific needs of the project.

C. To ensure a suitable growing medium for plants, employ services of a certified agronomic soils testing laboratory to perform soil testing at six (6) locations. Engineer will provide test site locations. Contractor is responsible for agronomic soil testing costs.

D. Perform soil sampling and testing once rough grading, has been completed, and prior to fine grading and planting.

E. Soil test recommendations may take precedence over soil amendments procedures specified in this Section.

F. Take samples of site soil at following depths:

1. Shrub, ground covers, and vine areas: 12 inches.

2. Tree and palm areas: 1/2 depth of tree or palm pit.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.01 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate layout and installation of plant materials with installation of the irrigation system to ensure that there will be complete and full irrigation coverage of the planted areas.

3.02 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL

A. Excavate and backfill areas to be landscaped as indicated and specified herein.

B. Excavations for soil removal shall be to within six inches of back of curb or edge of walk. The Contractor shall be responsible for protecting and maintaining the integrity of compacted base rock and sub grade materials under paving and curbs, and for protecting all other structures in the excavated areas. Review with the Engineer, the distance to remain away from other structures within the excavated areas. Do not undercut sides of excavation. Damage to base rock, sub grade, paving, curbs or structures shall be repaired or replaced. Remove and dispose of asphalt debris, concrete, base rock, and existing soil in landscaped areas from the site.
C. In landscaped areas that were previously paved, excavate to a minimum depth of 24 inches measured from the former pavement surface, but not less than 18 inches below the indicated finish grade.

D. In planting areas not previously paved, excavate the existing soil to a depth of 18 inches and remove from the site. Measurement of depth is from the top of the adjacent curb or paving.

E. Backfill excavated tree and shrub planting areas with topsoil. Prior to installing topsoil, scarify the bottom of the excavation to a six-inch depth. Do not scarify or undercut sides of excavations. The Contractor shall be responsible for protecting base rock and sub grade compaction under adjacent paving and curbs. Provide topsoil backfill in six-inch lifts. Incorporate the first six-inch lift of topsoil into the existing soil at the bottom of the excavation.

F. Refer to Section 31 00 00, Earthwork, for requirements for disposal of surplus material from planting bed excavations.

3.03 ROUGH GRADING

A. Prior to any planting, grade all areas to be landscaped. Fill as needed or remove surplus dirt and float areas to a smooth uniform grade. Slope all planting areas to drain. Roll, scarify, rake, and level as necessary to obtain true, even planting surfaces. Rough grading shall be inspected and approved by the Engineer before any compost or soil conditioners are added.

B. Planting areas shall be thoroughly wetted down. Allow soil to dry so as to be workable, after which thoroughly cultivate to a depth of six inches using a rotary hoe.

C. Compact soil in planting beds to 75 percent relative compaction to prevent future settling.

3.04 SOIL PREPARATION

A. Soil Conditioners, Compost, and Cultivating:

1. Provide soil conditioners and compost herein before specified for both imported and approved on-site soils. These are minimum requirements. Provide such additional compost and soil conditioners as are required by the Soil Analysis Reports.

2. Spread soil conditioners and compost evenly over all ground cover areas at the following rates (to be used for bidding purposes only, follow the soil test results and recommendations):

   a. Soil Conditioners: Six cubic yards per 1,000 square feet.

   b. Compost: Two-inch depth minimum in all planting areas.
3. After approval of compost and soil conditioner applications by the Engineer, incorporate compost and soil conditioner into the top six inches of soil by repeated rotary-hoe cultivation.

B. Watering: At completion of soil conditioner and compost installation, water the soil in all landscaped areas for a period of 14 Days. Maintain sufficient soil moisture at all times to induce weed seed germination, but not to saturate the soil. Soil shall be moist to a minimum depth of 24 inches. In locations where irrigation is by drip or bubblers, the Contractor may, at its option and expense, install a temporary irrigation system to keep the soil moist.

3.05 FINISH GRADING

A. When weeding and soil conditioning have been completed and soil has been thoroughly water settled, all landscaped areas shall be finish graded for placement of plant materials. Grading shall be performed when the soil is at optimum moisture content for working.

B. Finished grades shall be in accordance with the grading details for mounding in landscaped areas. All landscaped areas shall slope uniformly for positive drainage.

C. Grades not otherwise indicated shall be uniform levels or slopes between points where elevations are given, or between points established by walks, paving, curbs or catch basins. Finish grades shall be smooth, even, and on a uniform plane with no abrupt change of surface and no erosion scars.

D. Grading shall provide for natural runoff of water without low spots or pockets. Flow line grades shall be accurately set and shall be not less than two percent gradient unless otherwise indicated or approved by the Engineer.

E. Finish grade of earth in landscaped areas shall be one inch below the top of adjacent pavement, curbs or headers, with a gradual tapering away from these structures to a uniform depth of three and a half inches below the top of adjacent pavement, curbs or headers, unless indicated otherwise on the Contract Drawings. Finish grade of earth shall be three and a half inches below the top of pull and utility boxes or utility structures. Pull and utility boxes shall be adjusted by raising or lowering to conform to grading requirements in landscaped areas.

F. Tops and toes of all slopes shall be rounded to produce a gradual and natural-appearing transition between relatively level areas and slopes.

G. Protect all areas against compaction by construction equipment.

3.06 RECYCLED CARDBOARD SHEET MULCH APPLICATION

A. Install two layers of recycled cardboard sheet mulch throughout all landscaped areas completely all existing soil and vegetation, excepting seeded areas.

1. Wet the cardboard as it is applied to prevent it from blowing away.
2. Cardboard sheets shall overlap a minimum eight inches at joints.

3. Recycled cardboard sheet mulch shall not cover any root balls of newly installed plant material.

4. Fold recycled cardboard sheet mulch back and under itself at hardscape elements.

5. Furnish holes in recycled cardboard sheet mulch for irrigation equipment.

6. Place a minimum two-inch layer of compost on top of recycled cardboard sheet mulch.

3.07 PLANTING OF TREES AND SHRUBS

A. Stake Plant Locations: Mark tree and shrub locations on site using stakes or similar means. Make adjustments to locations, where required by the Engineer, and locations shall be approved by the Engineer before plant holes are dug.

B. Planting Holes: Dig pits with vertical sides as indicated. After pits are dug, break the sides to open the wall of the pit for root penetration, and loosen the bottom of the pit to a depth of three inches. Perform a drainage test, as specified in Article 3.09, where required. Construct foot-tamped mound in the bottom of the pit to support the plant at the proper level.

C. Root Barriers: Install root barriers as indicated.

D. Watering Holes: Install watering holes as indicated.

E. Recycled Cardboard Sheet Mulch: Install per Section 3.06 above.

F. Placement of Plants:

1. Do not handle container plants by the tops, stems, or trunks at any time. Lift all plants so that the root ball is supported from the underside. Plants that do not have a satisfactory root system will be rejected.

2. Cut the root ball vertically in a few places to encourage new feeder root development along the perimeter of the root ball.

3. All plants shall be planted immediately after rootballs are cut.

4. Place each plant in an upright and plumb position. One and five-gallon size plants shall be set so that the top of the rootball is one inch above the finish grade. Fifteen-gallon size plants shall be set so that the top of the root ball will be two inches above the finish grade. Twenty-four inch and 36-inch box size trees shall have the top of the root ball set four inches above the finish grade. Fifteen gallon, 24-inch box, and 36-inch box trees in planting areas less than six feet wide shall have the top of the root ball set two inches above the finish grade.
5. Ground cover shall be installed at spacings indicated on Contract Drawings, and shall be evenly spaced and staggered in rows. Place each plant in a pit so that the root system lies free without doubling and so that the roots are planted vertically. Firm the soil around each plant and water the area immediately to avoid drying out.

G. Backfilling:

1. Backfill holes and pits with topsoil. Ensure that proper irrigation will be maintained to the rootball. Taper backfill around sides and up to the top of the rootball so that sides of the rootball are not exposed.

2. Backfill for planting in areas where topsoil has been placed earlier shall be topsoil excavated from the planting hole. Backfill for plants in areas where existing site soil remains shall be the topsoil amended in accordance with the soil report.

3. Construct a four-inch high berm (watering basin) around plant.

4. Backfill shall be watered until the backfill material is moist to the full depth of the hole.

H. Pruning: Pruning shall not be performed unless specifically requested or approved by the Engineer. Examine trees requiring pruning with the Engineer. Trees that are damaged due to improper pruning or wind damage shall be replaced.

I. Staking:

1. Remove the nursery stakes and install specified tree stakes along the sides of the root ball and one foot into undisturbed ground. Stakes shall not go through the root ball.

2. Ties shall be placed as low on the trunk as possible, but high enough so that the tree will return to the upright position after deflection.

3. Ties shall form a loose loop around the tree trunk, and shall be staked so that the trunk cannot work towards the support stakes. Tree ties shall be secured in position in accordance with the manufacturer’s recommendations.

4. Support stakes shall not be higher than six inches above the tie locations. A flexible auxiliary stake shall be attached to those trees needing extra trunk support as determined by the Engineer.

5. One tree of each size shall be staked and approved by the Engineer prior to continued staking.

6. Trees planted in tree wells with tree grates shall use metal grates stakes or a tree guard. Do not use wood tree stakes.
J. Adjustment of Plants:

1. Plants that settle deeper than specified shall be raised to the correct level.

2. Plants that go out of plumb shall be straightened and re-staked.

K. Top Dressing: Install a three-inch layer of top dressing in all landscaped areas. Top dressing shall be kept away from stems and trunks of plants, and shall be kept off the foliage of ground cover. Install in tree watering basins.

3.08 DECOMPOSED GRANITE

A. Install weed barrier throughout landscaped areas, except where groundcover is to be installed. The weed barrier shall be tucked into the soil two inches depth along the perimeter of the landscaped areas. Provide one foot overlaps at sides and ends. Secure against movement with manufacturer’s recommended anchorage staples. Provide cutouts in the weed barrier to accommodate tree staking items and at planting locations.

B. The decomposed granite shall be thoroughly blended with organic binder material at a rate of 10 pounds of binder material per ton of crushed granite screenings. Blending shall be done with a cement mixer, pug mill, or similar equipment prior to placing and spreading the blended decomposed granite over the hand-compacted backfill.

C. The decomposed granite shall be placed in two, one and a half-inch deep lifts compacted to a minimum three-inch depth. Each lift shall be thoroughly moistened with water and then mechanically compacted to a minimum 85 percent relative density, with the finish surface of decomposed granite flush with surrounding curb and sidewalk.

D. Do not install decomposed granite in tree watering basins.

3.09 DRAINAGE TEST AND AUGER HOLES

A. Requirements: After tree pits are dug and before planting operations, tree pits shall be water tested for drainage. One location per 80 square feet of tree pit shall be tested. In addition, test all tree pits in any area where a test tree pit does not drain within 24 hours, such as in hardpan areas, rocky ground, construction backfill, compacted areas, flat ground, low spots, and the like, in order to ensure that pits in those areas will drain properly.

B. Tests: Fill tree pits with water. Check holes after 24 hours to determine if water has drained out. If the water has not drained out, bring this to the attention of the Engineer for remedial course of action. Adjustment of pit size, adjustment of pit location, or addition of auger holes will be required by the Engineer if a drainage problem exists.

C. Auger Holes: Auger one six-inch diameter hole through the bottom of each excavated plant hole that does not drain within the specified 24-hour period. Depth
of the drill measured from the bottom of the excavation to the bottom of the drill hole shall be four feet. Backfill auger holes with three fourths-inch diameter, well-graded drain rock up to bottom of the plant hole. Cover drain rock in the auger hole with a two feet by two feet piece of landscape filter fabric.

3.10 CLEANUP
A. Comply with the requirements of Section 01 74 14, Cleaning.
B. Neatly dress and finish all landscaped areas.
C. Broom clean all pavements.

3.11 PRELIMINARY TO FINAL INSPECTION
A. At completion of the work of this Section, the Contractor shall request a preliminary inspection to determine the condition of landscaped areas.
B. Inspection shall be requested two working Days in advance.
C. The Contractor and Engineer shall be represented at the inspection.
D. Construction considered ready for inspection shall conform to the following requirements:
   1. All planting shall be healthy and free of infestations.
   2. All landscaped areas shall be free of weeds.
   3. Stakes and ties shall be as specified.
   4. Top dressing shall be raked to a uniform surface.
   5. Debris shall be removed from the landscaped area, pavements shall be broom clean, and foliage shall be washed clean.
   6. All plants shall be installed in place as indicated and specified.

3.12 FINAL INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE
A. Final inspection will be conducted at the end of the Plant Establishment Period. Notice requesting final inspection shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Engineer at least seven calendar Days prior to the anticipated date.
B. Prior to final inspection, the Contractor shall also have performed weeding and a thorough cleaning of the landscaped areas.
C. The irrigation system shall be tested at the final inspection. Refer to Section 32 84 00, Planting Irrigation, for additional information.
D. At the final inspection, the Engineer will determine the condition of the plants and improvements. Acceptance of this work will be contingent upon proper maintenance and the establishment of vigorous plant materials. Plants which are dead, unhealthy, or missing, whether by disease, neglect, vandalism, or any other reason, shall be replaced with the same species and sizes originally specified and following these same specifications for installation.

E. Provide plant replacements within two weeks after final inspection, and extend the Plant Establishment Period for an additional 30 calendar days after replacement planting has been accepted by the Engineer. The Engineer will then repeat the final inspection for the replaced plants at the end of the extended Plant Establishment Period.

3.13 MAINTENANCE AND PLANT ESTABLISHMENT

A. Maintain plant materials from the time of planting until the plant materials are well established and are exhibiting a vigorous growth. Maintenance shall continue until the end of the Contract Guaranty Period specified in Article 1.11 herein.

B. Maintenance shall include watering, cultivating, weeding, re-top dressing, repair of stakes, cultivation, and pruning as required to keep the plant material in a healthy growing condition and to keep the planted areas neat and attractive in appearance throughout the maintenance period. Maintenance shall also include treatment for fungus, diseases, rodents, insects, and repair of vandalism.

C. All plants shall be watered not less than twice a week. Each watering shall be of such quantity as to provide optimum growing conditions. Rinse foliage of all plant materials as often as necessary to keep foliage free of dust.

D. Watering shall be adequate to provide maintenance of healthy plant growth, and shall be controlled to prevent over saturation of soil leading to plant failure. Basins, where required, and basin walls shall be kept well formed.

E. Rocks, clods, and debris that appear on the surface shall be removed. Heaved, settled, or eroded areas shall be restored by excavating, addition of topsoil, filling, finish grading, and rolling as required.

F. Gravel, surplus earth, papers, trash and debris, which accumulate in the landscaped areas and the areas directly adjacent to the paved areas, shall be removed and disposed of weekly. Such areas shall be cared for as required to present a neat and clean condition at all times.

G. Provide weeding of all areas, at intervals of not more than 14 days, as follows:

1. Weeds which appear in asphalt, concrete, or paved areas within Contract limits shall be removed before they exceed two inches in height or spread.

2. Weeds in ground cover shall be removed by pulling with roots intact before they exceed four inches in height or spread.
3. Weeds between basins in areas planted with trees and shrubs shall be removed by pulling before they exceed four inches in height or spread. Weeds shall be removed from within basins, including basin walls, and from within planter boxes.

4. The Contractor shall be responsible for protecting all plants, on or off the site, from damage by spraying operations. Weed control shall be performed as often as required to maintain the project in a neat and weed-free condition at all times.

H. Trees, shrubs, and ground cover shall be maintained by regular watering, cultivating, and weeding. Stakes and ties shall be repaired as needed. Plants shall be pruned as necessary or when requested by the Engineer. All damaged, unhealthy or dead trees, shrubs and ground cover shall, upon discovery of loss or damage, be replaced immediately with new stock of a size to match the remaining healthy plants of the same variety.

I. Until the end of the Plant Establishment Period, any plants which are damaged, diseased, dead, or which are in an unhealthy condition exhibiting weakness and the probability of dying, shall be replaced within two weeks after notification from the Engineer. Replacements of plants shall be made in the same manner as specified for the original planting.

J. On the last Day of the Plant Establishment Period, complete the weeding and raking of all planting areas. The site shall be cleared of debris and presented in a neat and orderly condition. All plants shall be in a healthy, thriving condition. Stakes shall be vertical. Paved areas shall be broom cleaned, and areas damaged by erosion shall be repaired, including the replacement of plants.

END OF SECTION 32 90 00